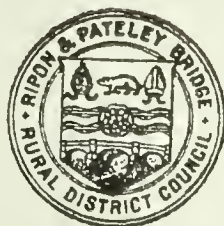


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RIPON & PATELEY BRIDGE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE

Year ending 31st December, 1960

County Council of the West Riding of Yorkshire
Division No. 7
(RIPON CITY AND RIPON AND PATELEY BRIDGE RURAL DISTRICT)



WITH THE COMPLIMENTS
OF THE
DIVISIONAL MEDICAL OFFICER

DIVISIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICE
HIGH SKELLGATE
RIPON
Tel. No. Ripon 382

RIPON & PATELEY BRIDGE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

1960

Chairman of the Council:
COUNCILLOR D. CHALMERS, J.P.

Vice-Chairman of the Council:
COUNCILLOR J.A. GILL, J.P.

Chairman of the Public Health and Planning Committee:
COUNCILLOR G.B. DEACON

Chairman of the Housing Committee:
COUNCILLOR D. CHALMERS, J.P.

Members of the Public Health and Planning Committee:

COUNCILLOR D. CHALMERS, J.P. (Ex-Officio)

" P. ATKINSON
" A. BELL
" B. BROWN
" THE REV. H. CHAMPION
" W.C. COATES
" A.E. DIXON
" MAJOR E.B. ECCLES, C.C.
" THE REV. H.D. ELLINGFORD
" F.P. ELLIS
" G. GILL
" J.A. GILL, J.P.
" W. HACKNEY
" J.H. HOWELL
" D.G. LEONARD
" J. LOVE
" H. LOWCOCK
" C. NICHOL
" J.G. PETTY
" L.A. RICHMOND
" W. RICHMOND
" L.P. RILEY
" C.H. SHAW
" W.M. STAVELEY
" A. THWAITES
" A. WORSNOP

RIPON & PATELEY BRIDGE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF

Medical Officer of Health:

N.V. HEPPLE, M.D., D.P.H.
(Also W.R.C.C. Divisional Medical Officer and M.O.H.
Ripon City)

Chief Public Health Inspector:

W.T. BECKWITH, Cert. S.I.B., M.R.S.H.
Diploma of R.S.I. and S.I.J.E.B Diploma of R.S.I.
Inspector of Meat and Other Foods

Additional Public Health Inspector:

N.W. KIRK, Cert. S.I.B., A.R.S.H.
Diploma of R.S.I., and S.I.J.E.B.

Clerical Staff:

MR. D. SWIRES (resigned 31.12.60)
MRS. E. GRANT
MISS M. POLDEN (resigned 31.8.60)
MRS. S. LUPTON (commenced 15.8.60)
MR. I. FORBES (commenced 30.9.60)

RIPON & PATELEY BRIDGE RURAL DISTRICT

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the year ended 31st December, 1960

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present for your consideration the Annual Report on the health of your district and the working of the public health services during the year 1960.

The report contains the usual details of the divisional health services provided by the West Riding County Council.

The infectious diseases have caused little trouble during the year. There have been occasional and widespread cases of scarlet fever of a mild type, but otherwise little of note.

On the environmental side your Council has continued to make progress with the provision of up to date sewage disposal arrangements which are resulting in the replacement of many pail closets by water borne sanitation. This is a policy which will not only reduce permanently the costs of collection but will also make life pleasanter and safer for many householders.

The year saw the beginning of changes in the divisional administration of the health services. Following the sudden death in August of the Divisional Medical Officer for the

Harrogate, Knaresborough and Nidderdale division, your Medical Officer of Health assumed responsibility for the County health services in those areas, and at the end of the year negotiations were in progress for the permanent combination of the two divisions as one.

The sections of the report dealing with sanitary circumstances, sewage, water, public cleansing, refuse collection and housing have been written by your Public Health Inspector, and form his Annual Report.

I am indebted to the members of the Council, their officers and staff for much help and kindness.

I am, Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,

N.V. HEPPLE.

Medical Officer of Health.

SECTION A

STATISTICS

Registrar-General's estimate of Population (mid 1960)	13,610
Area (in acres)	124,861
Number of inhabited houses (according to the Rate Book)	3,613
Rateable value 1st April, 1961	£170,992
Sum represented by a penny rate 1/4/60	£691/7/0
Number of Parishes	40

SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

Ripon and Pateley Bridge Rural District is a large area consisting of the old Ripon Rural area together with the Pateley Bridge Rural District. The former consists of low lying land around Ripon City, whilst the latter embraces the upper parts of Nidderdale together with the extensive surrounding tracts of high land. It contains the town of Pateley Bridge. The whole area is agricultural in character.

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1960

LIVE BIRTHS

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
Legitimate	195	90	105
Illegitimate	11	5	6
TOTAL	<u>206</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>111</u>
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population:	15.13		
Adjusted birth rate:	18.60		

COMPARABILITY FACTOR 1.23

STILL BIRTHS

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
Legitimate	6	2	4
Illegitimate	-	-	-
TOTAL	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>

Still birth rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births: 28.67

<u>DEATHS</u>	..	..	..	..	..	..	<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
							121	69	52

Crude death rate per 1,000 population 8.89

Adjusted death rate 9.51

COMPARABILITY FACTOR 1.07

MATERNAL MORTALITY:

	Deaths	Rates per 1,000 Total Births
Puerperal Sepsis ..	0	0.00
Other maternal causes	<u>0</u>	<u>0.00</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>0</u></u>	<u><u>0.00</u></u>

INFANTILE MORTALITY:

					<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
Legitimate	..	..	..	..	8	3	5
Illegitimate	..	..	..	..	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
			TOTAL	..	<u><u>8</u></u>	<u><u>3</u></u>	<u><u>5</u></u>

Death rate of infants under one year of age:-

All infants per 1,000 live births	..	..	38.80
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate births	..	..	41.02
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate births	..	..	0.00
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	..	..	0
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	..	..	0
Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	..	..	18

NOTES ON VITAL STATISTICS

BIRTHS

The birth rate of 18.6 is once more an increase on that for the previous year, and compares with the rate of 17.1 for England and Wales.

DEATHS

The death rate of 9.51 is lower than that for 1959. The National rate was 11.5 for the year.

The principal causes of death were	
Coronary disease and angina	28
Vascular lesions of central nervous system	19
Heart and circulatory diseases (except angina and coronary thrombosis)	18
Cancer and other new growth	18
Pneumonia and bronchitis	10

These constitute about three quarters of the total deaths.

NATURAL INCREASE OF POPULATION

The number of births exceeded the number of deaths by 85. The fall in the estimated total population is probably due largely to variation in the population of the barracks near Ripon.

INFANTILE MORTALITY

There were 8 deaths of children under 1 year of age during 1960, giving an infantile mortality rate of 38.8 per 1,000 live births, compared with 41.17 for 1959. These children all died within the first fortnight of life, so that the neonatal mortality rate is identical.

TABLE I

	Male	Female	Total
Days 0- 1	2	2	4
- 7	2	1	3
-14	-	1	1
-31	-	-	-
Months- 6	-	-	-
-12	-	-	-
TOTAL UNDER 1 YEAR	4	4	8

The causes of death were -	Haemolytic disease	4
	Congenital malformations	2
	Immaturity	1
	Birth injury	1

CAUSES OF DEATH

REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S RETURN

TABLE II

	1960		
	Male	Female	Total
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory	-	-	-
2. Tuberculosis, other	-	-	-
3. Syphilitic disease	-	-	-
4. Diphtheria	-	-	-
5. Whooping cough	-	-	-
6. Meningococcal infections	-	-	-
7. Acute poliomyelitis	-	-	-
8. Measles	-	-	-
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases	-	1	1
10. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	2	1	3
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus ..	5	-	5
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	1	1
13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	-	-
14. Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	4	5	9
15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia	-	1	1
16. Diabetes	-	2	2
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system ..	10	9	19
18. Coronary disease, angina	17	11	28
19. Hypertension with heart disease ..	-	-	-
20. Other heart disease	5	6	11
21. Other circulatory disease	5	2	7
22. Influenza	-	-	-
23. Pneumonia	2	1	3
24. Bronchitis	7	-	7
25. Other diseases of respiratory system .	-	-	-
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	1	1	2
27. Gastritis, enteritis and diarrhoea ..	-	1	1
28. Nephritis and nephrosis	1	1	2
29. Hyperplasia of prostate	1	-	1
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion ..	-	-	-
31. Congenital malformations	-	2	2
32. Other defined and ill-defined diseases	3	6	9
33. Motor vehicle accidents	-	-	-
34. All other accidents	5	-	5
35. Suicide	1	1	2
36. Homicide and operations of war	-	-	-
TOTAL	69	52	121

SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY

The Medical Officer of Health serves Ripon Corporation in a similar capacity and as Divisional Medical Officer for the West Riding County Council, is responsible for the day to day administration of the County Health Service. As from August he also acted as Divisional Medical Officer for the County Services in Harrogate M.B., Knaresborough U.D., and Nidderdale R.D.

The Chief Public Health Inspector also acts as Engineer, Surveyor and Cleansing Superintendent. There is an additional Public Health Inspector.

HEALTH SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

MORTUARY

The Council provides a mortuary and post-mortem room at Pateley Bridge. 4 bodies were admitted during 1960. The average length of stay was 3 days.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948. SECTION 47

No action was taken.

HEALTH SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL

A

REPORT OF DIVISIONAL MEDICAL OFFICER FOR 1960
DIVISION NO. 7

CONTENTS

1. General
2. Divisional Staff
3. School Health Service
4. Care of Mothers and Young Children
5. Midwifery
6. Health Visiting
7. Home Nursing
8. Vaccination and Immunisation
9. Mental Health
10. Home Helps
11. Prevention of Illness, Care and After-Care
12. Venereal Diseases
13. B.C.G. Vaccination
14. Registration and Inspection of Nursing Homes
15. Children Neglected or Ill-treated in their
own Homes
16. Other

1. GENERAL

The division is largely rural in character, and has a population estimated at 23,900 for mid 1960. It contains the City of Ripon and the surrounding villages on the east side, and the upper reaches of Widderdale with the surrounding high land on the west and south. The township of Pateley Bridge, the administrative headquarters of the Ripon & Pateley Bridge Rural District Council, is in this part.

2. DIVISIONAL STAFF

MEDICAL OFFICERS:-

N.V. Hepple, M.D., B.S., B.Hy., D.P.H. Divisional Medical Officer.

P.A.G.M. Ashmore, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Assistant County Medical Officer

S. Burton, M.B., Ch.B.) Clinic doctors working on
A. Holroyd, M.A., M.B., B.S.) a sessional basis

* L.J. Prosser, M.B., Ch.B., D.C.H. Paediatrician

* J.E. Rees, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.L.O. Ear, Nose & Throat Specialist

* H. Petty, F.R.C.S., Orthopaedic Surgeon

* T.S. Severs, M.D., B.S., M.R.C.S., Ophthalmologist

DENTAL OFFICER:-

M. Hattan, L.D.S. 95% School Health

OTHER OFFICERS:-

	Health Visitors/School Nurses	3
	Health Visitors/School Nurses/T.B. Visitors	1
	Home Nurse/Midwives	7
+	Relief Home Nurse/midwife	1
+	Senior Mental Welfare Officer	1
+	Mental Welfare Officers	3
+	Speech Therapist	1
	Dental Attendant	1

ADMINISTRATIVE:-

	Chief Clerk	1
	Clerical	5

OTHER:-

	Home Helps (part-time)	41
	Domestic Staff (part-time)	1
	Group Training Escort	1
	TOTAL DIVISIONAL STAFF	<u>76</u>

* Part-time from Regional Hospital Board.
+ Services shared with Div. 8.

3. SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICE

Routine school medical inspections continued normally and the following tables give details of the work done.

A. PERIODIC MEDICAL INSPECTIONS

Age Groups inspected (By years of Birth)	No. of pupils inspec- ted	Physical Condition of Pupils Inspected			
		SATISFACTORY		UNSATISFACTORY	
		No.	% of Col.2.	No.	% of Col.2.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1956 and later	4	4	100	-	-
1955	206	206	100	-	-
1954	106	104	98.11	2	1.89
1953	207	204	98.55	3	1.45
1952	93	92	98.92	1	1.08
1951	38	38	100	-	-
1950	27	27	100	-	-
1949	40	40	100	-	-
1948	245	245	100	-	-
1947	91	91	100	-	-
1946	18	18	100	-	-
1945 and earlier	132	132	100	-	-
TOTAL	1,207	1,201	99.52	6	.48

B. PUPILS FOUND TO REQUIRE TREATMENT AT PERIODIC MEDICAL INSPECTIONS. (Excluding Dental Diseases and infestation with vermin).

AGE GROUPS inspected (BY YEAR OF BIRTH)	FOR DEFECTIVE VISION (excluding squint)	FOR ANY OF THE OTHER CONDITIONS RECORDED IN PART II	TOTAL INDIVIDUAL PUPILS
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1956 and later	1	-	1
1955	3	28	30
1954	2	15	16
1953	8	22	30
1952	6	10	14
1951	2	9	10
1950	4	2	6
1949	2	5	5
1948	16	7	23
1947	4	2	6
1946	-	-	-
1945 and earlier	5	5	10
TOTAL	53	105	151

C. OTHER INSPECTIONS

Number of Special Inspections	63
Number of re-inspections	629
TOTAL	<u>692</u>

D. INFESTATION WITH VERMIN

There was a decrease of 20 per cent in the number of pupils found to be infested with head lice.

- (a) Total number of individual examinations of pupils in schools by school nurses or other authorised persons 5,488
- (b) Total number of individual pupils found to be infested 12
- (c) Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing notices were issued (Section 54(2), Education Act, 1944) -
- (d) Number of individual pupils in respect of whom cleansing orders were issued (Section 54(3), Education Act, 1944) -

E. PERIODIC INSPECTIONS

DEFECT CODE NO. (1)	DEFECT OR DISEASE (2)	PERIODIC INSPECTIONS							
		ENTRANTS		LEAVERS		OTHERS		TOTAL	
		(T) (3)	(O) (4)	(T) (5)	(O) (6)	(T) (7)	(O) (8)	(T) (9)	(O) (10)
4	Skin	3	2	1	-	5	-	9	2
5	Eyes - a. Vision	7	17	4	19	42	77	53	113
	b. Squint	9	1	-	1	7	15	16	17
	c. Other .	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
6	Ears - a. Hearing	1	2	-	1	1	2	2	5
	b. Otitis Media	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	-
	c. Other	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
7	Nose and Throat	5	7	-	-	7	12	12	19
8	Speech	3	4	-	-	1	5	4	9
9	Lymphatic Glands	1	2	-	-	2	4	3	6
10	Heart	6	2	-	-	-	3	6	5
11	Lungs.. ..	3	7	2	1	3	9	8	17
12	Developmental -								
	a. Hernia	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	b. Other	11	4	-	-	11	9	22	13
13	Orthopaedic -								
	a. Posture	-	-	-	-	4	1	4	1
	b. Feet	2	-	-	1	3	3	5	4
	c. Other	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
14	Nervous System -								
	a. Epilepsy	1	-	-	-	1	1	2	1
	b. Other	-	1	-	-	3	6	3	7
15	Psychological -								
	a. Develop- ment	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
	b. Stability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Abdomen	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
17	Other	4	-	-	1	12	5	16	6
	TOTAL ..	58	50	7	25	106	153	171	228

(T) Treatment

(O) Observation

F. SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

DEFECT CODE NO. (1)	DEFECT OR DISEASE (2)	SPECIAL INSPECTIONS	
		REQUIRING TREATMENT (3)	REQUIRING OBSERVATION (4)
4	Skin	-	-
5	Eyes - a. Vision .	6	1
	b. Squint .	-	-
	c. Other ..	-	-
6	Ears - a. Hearing	2	-
	b. Otitis		
	Media .	-	-
	c. Other ..	-	-
7	Nose and Throat ..	-	-
8	Speech	1	8
9	Lymphatic Glands .	-	-
10	Heart	-	-
11	Lungs	-	-
12	Developmental -		
	a. Hernia	-	-
	b. Other ..	-	-
13	Orthopaedic -		
	a. Posture	-	-
	b. Feet ..	-	-
	c. Other .	9	-
14	Nervous System -		
	a. Epilepsy	4	-
	b. Other ..	-	-
15	Psychological -		
	a. Develop- ment	21	2
	b. Stability	6	1
16	Abdomen	-	-
17	Other	1	1

GROUP 1

EYE DISEASES, DEFECTIVE VISION AND SQUINT

	NUMBER OF CASES KNOWN TO HAVE BEEN DEALT WITH
External and other, excluding errors of refraction and squint	1
Errors of refraction (incl. squint)	<u>175</u>
TOTAL	<u>176</u>
Number of pupils for whom spectacles were prescribed	85

GROUP 2

DISEASES AND DEFECTS OF EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

	NUMBER OF CASES KNOWN TO HAVE BEEN DEALT WITH
Received operative treatment	
(a) for diseases of the ear	-
(b) for adenoids and chronic tonsillitis	46
(c) for other nose and throat conditions	-
TOTAL	<u>46</u>

Total number of pupils in schools who are known to have
been supplied with hearing aids

(a) in 1960 -
(b) in previous years .. 1

GROUP 3

ORTHOPAEDIC AND POSTURAL DEFECTS

Number of pupils known to have been treated at clinics 12 or out-patient departments
--

GROUP 4

DISEASES OF THE SKIN (Excluding uncleanliness for which see Table (e))

	NUMBER OF CASES TREATED OR UNDER TREATMENT DURING THE YEAR BY THE AUTHORITY
Ringworm - 1. Scalp ..	-
11. Body ..	-
Scabies	-
Impetigo	1
Other skin diseases ..	16
TOTAL ..	17

GROUP 5

CHILD GUIDANCE TREATMENT

Number of pupils treated at Child Guidance Clinics under arrangements made by the Authority 8

GROUP 6

SPEECH THERAPY

Number of pupils treated by Speech Therapists under arrangements made by the authority	47
--	----

GROUP 7

OTHER TREATMENT GIVEN

	NUMBER OF CASES TREATED OR UNDER TREAT- MENT DURING THE YEAR BY THE AUTHORITY
(a) Number of cases of miscellaneous minor ailments treated by the Authority ..	640
(b) Pupils who received convalescent treat- ment under School Health Service arrangements ..	-
(c) Pupils who received B.C.G. Vaccination	205
(d) Ultra Violet Ray Treatment ..	-
(e) Cardiac Clinic ..	26

G. HANDICAPPED PUPILS

These are school children who need special educational treatment because of a physical or mental defect.

There were 44 such pupils in the division at the end of the year of whom 14 attended special schools.

Details follow:-

	<u>In ordinary</u> <u>school</u>	<u>In special</u> <u>school</u>
Partially sighted ..	-	2
Deaf	-	3
Partially deaf ..	-	1
Maladjusted	3	2
Physically handicapped	6	1
Educationally Sub-normal	18	4
Epileptic	1	1
Double defect ..	2	-
TOTAL ..	<u>30</u>	<u>14</u>

They attended the following types of special school:-

Schools for partially sighted children	2
Schools for deaf children	4
Schools for maladjusted children ..	2
Schools for educationally sub-normally children	4
Schools for epileptic children ..	1
Schools for physically handicapped children	1
TOTAL	<u>14</u>

4. CARE OF MOTHERS AND YOUNG CHILDREN

(a) BIRTHS

RETURN OF BIRTHS NOTIFIED IN THE DIVISIONAL AREA DURING THE YEAR 1960

DETAILS (1)	BIRTHS				TOTAL (6)
	Domiciliary		Institutional		
	Live	Still	Live	Still	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
(a) Primary Notifications:					
(i) Urban Districts	44	-	271	4	319
(ii) Rural Districts	48	-	84	1	133
(b) <u>Add</u> Inward Transfers	2	-	117	6	125
(c) Total Notifications received	94	-	472	11	577
(d) <u>Deduct</u> Outward Transfers	-	-	124	2	126
(e) Total adjusted births	94	-	348	9	451
<u>ANALYSIS OF INSTITUTIONAL BIRTHS</u>					
Born in (a) Hospitals			348	9	
(b) Maternity Homes			-	-	
(c) Nursing Homes			-	-	
TOTAL			348	9	

There was a considerable increase (21%) in the number of births in the division compared with the previous year. Possibly as a result of this, there has been a slight decrease in the proportion of births which take place in hospital.

The proportion of home confinements to others for the past eight years is as follows:-

1953	1	:	2.91
1954	1	:	3.01
1955	1	:	3.14
1956	1	:	2.89
1957	1	:	3.58
1958	1	:	3.71
1959	1	:	4.54
1960	1	:	3.79

Applications for admission to Ripon Maternity Home from West Riding patients are investigated on behalf of the Hospital Management Committee by this department.

(b) ANTE-NATAL CLINICS

Most of the ante-natal care is undertaken by family doctors. A class to teach expectant mothers relaxation exercises was started at Alma House Clinic in October.

8 expectant mothers were attending at the end of the year.

ANTE-NATAL CLINICS

Name and address of Ante Natal Clinic (whether held at Infant Welfare Centre or other premises)	Number of sessions now held per month		Number of women in attendance		Total number of attendances made by women during the year	
	Com- bined with Infant Welfare	Separate Sessions Doc- tors wives	Number of women who attended during the year	Number of new cases incl. in Col.5.	Com- bined with Infant Welfare	Separate Sessions Doctors Midwives
Alma House, Low St. Aynesgate, RIPON.	-	2	14	9	-	53
Methodist Buildings, PATELEY BRIDGE.	2	-	-	-	-	-
Methodist Buildings, SUMMERBRIDGE.	1	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL FOR CLINICS	3	2	14	9	-	53

(c) POST NATAL CLINICS

Name and address of Post-Natal Clinic (whether held at Infant Welfare Centre or other premises)	Number of Sessions now held per month	Number of Sessions		Number of Women in attendance		Total number of attendances made during the year
		Doctors' Sessions	Midwives' Sessions	Number of women who attended during the year	Number of new cases incl. in Col.4.	
Post-Natal examinations undertaken at Ante-Natal Clinics or at Joint Ante-Natal and Post-Natal Clinics - ALMA HOUSE, RIPON	2	-	-	9	9	18
						-

(d) INFANT WELFARE CENTRES

These are held weekly in Ripon, twice a month at Pateley Bridge and once a month at Summerbridge.

The mobile clinic visits Bishop Monkton on Fridays and Darley on Mondays, both fortnightly, and the following places once a month on the days shown.

MONDAY

Markington
Bishop Thornton
Shaw Mills
Birstwith
Lofthouse
Ramsgill
Dacre
Heyshaw Lane End
Burnt Yates

TUESDAY

Studley
Aldfield
Grantley
Sawley
Galphay
Winksley
Copt Hewick
Kirkby Malzeard
Grewelthorpe
Mickley
North Stainley
Nunwick
Skelton

It has continued to be well attended.

INFANT WELFARE CENTRES

Name and address of Centre	Number of infant Welfare Sessions now held per month	Number of children who first attended a centre of this Local Authority during the year and who at their first attendance were under 1 year of age	Number of children who attended during the year and who were born in		Total number of children who attended during the year	No. of attendances during the year made by children who at the date of attendance were			Total attendances during the year
			1960	1959		Under 1 yr	1 but under 2 yrs	2 but under 5 yrs	
Alma House Low St. Agnesgate, RIPON.	4	154	144	12	7	2,056	543	408	3,007
Methodist Bdgs., PATELEY BRIDGE.	2	27	23	42	28	217	134	126	477
Methodist Bdgs., SUMMERBRIDGE.	1	14	10	15	16	73	44	51	168
MOBILE CLINIC	26	100	83	71	131	659	449	459	1,567
TOTALS	33	295	260	140	182	3,005	1,170	1,044	5,219

(e) DISTRIBUTION OF WELFARE FOODS

The provision of baby foods and food supplements to expectant mothers constitutes an important part of the health services.

The arrangements in the division are detailed below:-

CENTRE	HOURS OF OPENING	STAFFED BY
Ripon Health Office	9 a.m. - 12.45 p.m.) Mon to 1.45 p.m. - 5.20 p.m.) Fri.	County Council
Ripon Child Welfare Centre	2 p.m. to 4.30 p.m. Each Monday	County Council
Pateley Bridge	Anytime	Vol. Worker
Summerbridge	Thursday only 1.30-3.30 p.m.	Vol. Worker
Burnt Yates	Anytime	Vol. Worker
Lofthouse	Anytime	Vol. Worker
Birstwith	Anytime	Vol. Worker
Kirkby Malzeard	Anytime	Vol. Worker
Bishop Monkton	Anytime	Vol. Worker
North Stainley	Anytime	Vol. Worker
Darley	By arrangement	County Council Home Nurse/ Midwife
Army Married Quarters, Ripon.	N.A.A.F.I. 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.	Vol. Worker

(f) DENTAL CARE

The arrangements for dental treatment of expectant and nursing mothers continue as before.

(g) CARE OF THE UNMARRIED MOTHER AND HER CHILD

4.8 per cent of the births in the Division during 1960 were registered as illegitimate. This is the same proportion as in the previous year.

The department continued to provide help and advice in conjunction with the Ripon Diocesan Moral Welfare Association, and to give financial assistance towards the cost of institutional care before confinement.

Contributions were made by the County Council in respect of 5 cases.

(h) PAEDIATRIC CLINICS

The paediatrician attends monthly at Alma House Clinic. During 1960, 15 children attended.

Buzzers for bed wetters are provided in suitable cases and Dr. Ashmore reports on their use as follows:-

"There are three enuretic buzzers in use in this part of the division. Up to the present treatment has been completed in four cases, all the cases chosen being children with a wet bed nearly every night and who have been like this all their lives. Of the four cases treatment has failed in two and been completely successful in two. The unsuccessful cases are deep sleepers who did not respond to the buzzer. The buzzers are now in use with three new cases. The co-operation of the parents in each case has been good and the records well kept; the parents being keen to try any treatment to cure this distressing complaint.

5. MIDWIFERY

Just over one quarter of the live births during the year took place at home.

Seven district nurse midwives undertook the domiciliary confinements, and looked after the early discharges from hospital.

DELIVERIES ATTENDED BY MIDWIVES IN THE DIVISION DURING 1960

EMPLOYMENT OF MIDWIVES	NO. OF DELIVERIES ATTENDED BY MIDWIVES IN THE AREA DURING THE YEAR					TOTALS		Cases in Institu- tions
	DOMICILIARY CASES					(6)	(7)	
	Doctor not booked at time of delivery of child	Doctor present not present at time of delivery of child (3)	Doctor present at time of delivery of child (either the booked doctor or another (4)	Doctor booked not present at time of delivery of child (5)				
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)		
(a) Midwives employed by the authority	-	1	23	67	91	-		
(b) Midwives employed by vol. organisations (incl. Hospitals not transferred to the Minister under the National Health Service Act)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
(c) Midwives employed by Hosp. Management Committees or Boards of Governors under the Nat. Health Service Act	-	-	-	-	-	-	357	
(d) Midwives in Private Practice (incl. midwives employed in nursing homes).	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	
TOTALS	-	1	24	67	92	357		

(e) Number of cases delivered in institutions but attended by domiciliary midwives on discharge from institutions - (i) Before the tenth day 229
(ii) After the tenth but before the fourteenth day -

STATUTORY NOTICES received from midwives during the year
were as follows:-

Stillbirths 3

MEDICAL AID NOTICES 20 medical aid notices were issued
during the year.

The reasons for issue were as follows:-

Conditions affecting				Domiciliary	Institutional
Pregnancy	..	..	..	3	-
Labour	..	..	..	5	-
Lying-in	..	..	..	6	-
The Child	..	..	..	6	-
TOTAL	..			20	-

Issued for	Number issued because of complications arising in/during			
	Pregnancy	Labour	Lying-in	The Child
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(a) Domiciliary Cases:-				
(i) Where the Medical Practitioner had arranged to provide the patient with maternity medical services under the National Health Service Act	3	5	6	6
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-
(b) Cases in Private Nursing Homes:-				
(i) Where the Medical Practitioner had arranged to provide the patient with maternity medical services under the National Health Service Act.	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-
(c) Cases in Institutions	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	3	5	6	6

ANALGESIA

Gas and air alone was given to 34 mothers by domiciliary midwives during the year. Gas and air with pethidine was given to 37 cases. Two sets of apparatus for the administration of trilene were available at the year end, and trilene was given to six cases, four of whom also had pethidine.

All the domiciliary midwives have now been trained in trilene administration.

6. HEALTH VISITING

The divisional staff of 4 health visitors also act as school nurses. One of them does the tuberculosis visiting, and attends the Chest Clinics.
The following table gives details of the work carried out:-

No. of children under 5 years of age visited during year	Expectant Mothers		Children under 1 year of age		Children age 1 and under 2 yrs	Children age 2 and under 5	Tuberculous house-holds	Other cases	Total No. of families or house-holds visited by Health Visitors
	First visits	Total visits	First visits	Total visits					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
<u>Effective visits</u>									
1,131	173	264	423	2,199	1,285	1,908	90	2,187	1,335
<u>'No access' visits</u>									
5	25	32	112	287	118	141	9	150	-

CLINICS

Total number of attendances made by health visitors at Local Health Authority Clinic sessions during the year 398

Total number of attendances by whole-time tuberculosis visitors at chest clinic sessions during the year Nil

7. NURSING IN THE HOME

7 district nurses who were also midwives worked in the division during the year and for the last three months of the year one part-time additional nurse was employed while members of the staff were on various courses.

Details of the work done are given below:-

Classification	No. of cases attended by home nurses during the year	No. of visits paid by home nurses during the year
(1) Medical	323	8,881
(2) Surgical . . .	84	784
(3) Infectious diseases ..	-	-
(4) Tuberculosis .	1	3
(5) Maternal complications	13	84
TOTALS ..	421	9,752

8. VACCINATION AND IMMUNISATION

Protection has continued to be available against smallpox, diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus and poliomyelitis.

B.C.G. vaccination of children over 13 years against tuberculosis was also continued.

(a) VACCINATION AGAINST SMALLPOX

The number of vaccinations in different age groups during 1960 is shown below:-

AGE AT DATE OF VACCINATION	UNDER 1	1	2-4	5-14	15 or over	TOTAL
Number vaccinated	92	97	10	4	15	218
Number re-vaccinated	-	-	4	11	47	62

No complications of vaccination were reported.

Estimated live births for year ended 31.12.60 - 429
Vaccination rate for infants 21.4%

The rates for recent years were

1950	27.4%
1951	29.1%
1952	28.8%
1953	39.8%
1954	25.9%
1955	31.8%
1956	36.6%
1957	24.5%
1958	30.5%
1959	34.4%

Many children are however vaccinated in their second year, so that the proportion is in fact rather better than it appears above.

(b) VACCINATION AGAINST WHOOPING COUGH

290 children under 4 years of age were protected against whooping cough during the year.

(c) IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA

This has to some extent been adversely affected by the amount of professional time spent on poliomyelitis vaccination schemes.

NUMBER OF CHILDREN AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1960, WHO HAD COMPLETED A COURSE OF IMMUNISATION AT ANY TIME BEFORE THAT DATE

Age at 31.12.60 i.e. born in year	Under 1 1960	1 - 4 1959-56	5 - 9 1955-51	10 - 14 1950-46	Under 15 Total
Last complete course of injections (whether primary or booster)					
1956 - 1960	76	872	1,087	198	2,233
1955 or earlier	-	-	815	2,297	3,112

	Number of children immunised during 1960			
	Under 1	1 - 4	5 - 14	TOTAL
Primary	135	181	138	454
Booster	-	63	441	504

(d) IMMUNISATION AGAINST TETANUS

Tetanus, popularly known as lockjaw, can be a serious and fatal complication of quite small wounds, caused by infection with organism which occurs in soil and manure of animal origin.

Protection against it is well worth while, particularly in a farming area such as this.

The following are the details of the children immunised during the year:-

Age at final injection	Number of children who received protection against tetanus (including temporary residents).
Under 6 months	89
6 months to 1 year	168
1 - 2	36
2 - 3	8
3 - 4	7
Over 4 years	41
TOTAL	349

(e) VACCINATION AGAINST POLIOMYELITIS

The scheme continued during the year, 1,602 persons completing a course of 3 injections during the period. By the 31st December, 1960, 5,123 persons had received 3 injections under these arrangements.

9. MENTAL HEALTH

During 1960 the new mental health legislation came into operation. To implement this a Senior Mental Welfare Officer and three Mental Welfare Officers were appointed and in post by the end of the year. These officers were shared with Division 8, as the two Divisions formed the West Riding portion of the catchment area of Clifton Hospital, York. Close integration with the mental hospital and its out-patient clinics at Ripon and Harrogate should materially improve the standard of after-care work undertaken in the community. The ultimate aim is to provide advice and facilities to try to prevent much mental illness, and in order to do this it is essential that there should be close liaison with the psychiatric specialist services of the Hospital Board.

During most of 1960, the Duly Authorised Officer continued to function under the Lunacy and Mental Treatment Acts, and the following details of his work during the year are appended.

- (1) Lunacy Act, 1890 - Section 16
2 persons (1 male and 1 female) were certified of unsound mind and removed to Mental Hospital.
- (2) Lunacy Act, 1890 - Section 20
1 person (male) was removed to Mental Hospital.
The Order was subsequently extended under Section 21(a).
- (3) Lunacy Act, 1890 - Section 21
No cases dealt with under this Section.
- (4) Lunacy Act, 1890 - Section 11
7 persons (2 male and 5 female) were removed to Mental Hospital under Urgency Orders. 6 were subsequently transferred to the Informal class and 1 was certified as of unsound mind.
- (5) Mental Health Act, 1959
4 persons (2 male and 2 female) were admitted to Mental Hospital as Informal patients.

As in previous years friendly contact has been maintained with patients and relatives in an endeavour to provide some guidance and assistance. Every assistance and co-operation has been given by the General Practitioners in the district, also Clifton Hospital, York.

Mental Disorder

Admission to Psychiatric Hospitals by Mental Welfare Officer

Admitted - 7 males and 11 females - TOTAL 18

Admitted under

Lunacy & Mental Treatment Act, 1890 - Section 16 -	1 male 1 female
" " " " " " Section 20 -	1 male
" " " " " " Section 11 -	2 male 5 female

Mental Health Act, 1959.

Informal - 2 male
5 female

Section 29 1 male

After-care 41 visits paid to 12 patients

Sub-normal

Admitted to hospital	1 male
" " " short term care	1 male
Under Guardianship	1 female

Attending Group Training

Under 16 years	4 male 1 female
Over 16 years	1 female

Under care and guidance -

Under 16 years	6 males 3 females
Over 16 years	7 males 15 females

Total under care and guidance 31 to whom 134 visits were paid throughout the year

TRAINING

The group training class continued daily from Monday to Friday each week.
6 cases were attending from this division,
and taxi transport was provided.

10. HOME HELP SERVICE

The home help service has continued on the same lines during the year.

An average of 41 part-time home helps were employed, equivalent to 15.68 whole time workers.

The various types of case helped are shown in the following table:-

CATEGORY	NO. OF CASES	HOURS EMPLOYED
(i) Maternity	26	1,752½
(ii) Tuberculosis	1	27
(iii) Chronic sick		
(a) 65+	116	30,223½
(b) Under 65	9	3,682½
(iv) Others	23	2,572½
TOTALS	175	38,257½

11. PREVENTION OF ILLNESS, CARE AND AFTER-CARE

46 contacts of 4 cases of pulmonary tuberculosis were examined by the Chest Physicians, and general practitioners were most helpful in helping to trace them. Three children with primary infections were admitted to a sanatorium as a precaution.

Contact tracing and examination still constitutes a problem, but there is a definite improvement in the attitude of employers towards the attendance of their employees for X-Ray and other investigations, and in their readiness to discuss the working conditions of their people. Workmates and friends also show much more readiness to attend for examination.

Two cases of chronic tuberculosis were persuaded to enter sanatorium as they were a possible source of danger in the community.

The Care Committee has given help in a number of cases by providing extra clothing, footwear, etc., and also Xmas parcels. This personal approach provides a cheerful note to patients who in some cases tend to feel ostracism by the community.

Under the scheme for the supply of extra milk 74 orders were issued to 17 patients on the advice of the Chest Physician.

There was also a steady demand for nursing equipment which is supplied on loan from the department.

It was possible to start a laundry service for soiled bed linen, etc., from incontinent patients in the City of Ripon. The laundry is collected in special containers, dealt with at Sharow View, and returned to the patient's home. One case was dealt with during the year.

12. VENEREAL DISEASES

Publicity is periodically given to the facilities which exist locally for the treatment of these conditions.

13. B.C.G. VACCINATION

This was again offered to all school children over 13 years and was extended to students at Ripon Training College.

The following details show the work done:-

1. No. of medical officers (including Divisional Medical Officer) approved to undertake B.C.G. Vaccination .. 2

2. Acceptances

(a) No. of children offered tuberculin testing and vaccination if necessary, whether the offer was made during the year or previously	400
(b) No. of (a) found to have been vaccinated previously ..	4
(c) No. of acceptances	263
(d) Percentage of acceptances, i.e.(c) to (a) - (b) ..	66%

3. Pre-vaccination Tuberculin Test

(a) No. of children (2(c)) tested	247
(b) Result of test:-	
(i) Positive ..	15
(ii) Negative ..	218
(iii) Not ascertained ..	14
(c) Percentage positive, i.e. (b) (i) to (b) (i)+(ii) 6%	6%

4. Vaccination

No. vaccinated:-	
(a) Following negative Heaf Test	205
(b) Following negative Mantoux Test	-
TOTAL ..	<u>205</u>

5. Tuberculin test twelve months after vaccination.

(a) No. vaccinated in 1959	96
(b) No. tuberculin tested after 12 months	85
(c) Result of test:-	
(i) Positive	79
(ii) Negative	-
(iii) Not ascertained ..	6
TOTAL	85

6. Students at Training College.

(a) No. of students tested	7
(b) Result of test:-	
(i) Positive ..	3
(ii) Negative ..	4
(iii) Not ascertained ..	-
(c) Percentage positive ..	43%

14. REGISTRATION OF NURSING HOMES

There were two licenced nursing homes in the division. Both were inspected during the year.

15. CHILDREN NEGLECTED OR ILL-TREATED IN THEIR OWN HOMES

The coordinating Committee meets quarterly under the chairmanship of the Divisional Medical Officer. It serves a most useful purpose as a clearing house for information and for combined planning of remedial measures.

16. CHIROPODY

During the year the County Council were empowered to provide chiropody for old age pensioners, expectant mothers, and handicapped persons. The Ripon Old People's Welfare Committee agreed to run a service on behalf of the County Council, and from 1st February, 1960, sessions were held in Alma House Clinic. Initially the sessions were held monthly, but, as the scheme became better known, and the demand grew, fortnightly sessions were instituted.

17. MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

53 medical examinations were carried out during the year on behalf of various authorities as follows:-

West Riding County Council	33
Ripon Corporation	4
Ripon & Pateley Bridge R.D.C.	8
Entrants to Teachers Training	
Colleges	6
Other authorities	2

B

AMBULANCE SERVICE

The County Ambulance Depot is in Harrogate. In both Ripon and Pateley Bridge, however, the local Divisions of the St. John Ambulance Brigade continue to operate an efficient service on behalf of the County Council. The Ambulance Officer at Pateley Bridge has kindly supplied the following details of the work done during the year.

Mileage	25,829
Number of cases conveyed .	2,544

HEALTH SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE
REGIONAL HOSPITAL BOARD

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The district is served by the Thistle Hill Hospital, Knaresborough.

SMALLPOX

Accommodation is provided by the Board as required.

GENERAL HOSPITALS

The district is served by the hospitals at Ripon and Harrogate. The Leeds hospitals are also within reach.

HOSPITALS FOR CHRONIC SICK

Accommodation is provided for both sexes at Knaresborough and also at Princess Road Hospital which has 24 female and 8 male beds.

SANATORIA

The Board provides sanatoria at Scotton Banks, Middleton-in-Wharfedale, and Aysgarth.

MATERNITY HOSPITALS

The district is served by the maternity hospitals at Ripon and Harrogate.

SECTION C

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Number of Sanitary Inspections or Visits 1,805

NOTICES FOR ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES

	Outstanding at 31.12.59	Issued in 1960	Abated in 1960	Outstanding at 31.12.60
Informal	8	281	273	4
Statutory	Nil	12	12	Nil

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

No. of houses connected to sewers 2,285
" with satisfactory Private drainage 1,080
" unsatisfactory drainage 605

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Schemes

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| (i) Completed during the year | (1) Sharow
(2) Copt Hewick |
| (ii) Under construction at year end | (1) Birstwith Sewer & S.D.W.
(2) Markington S.D.W. |
| (iii) Awaiting approval at year end | (1) Kirkby Malzeard &
Laverton S.D.W.
(2) Studley Roger S.D.W.
(3) Sawley S.D.W. |
| (iv) In preparation at year end | (1) Dacre/Darley S.D.W.
(2) Galphay S.D.W.
(3) Burnt Yates Sewer
(4) Grewelthorpe S.D.W.
(5) Bishop Monkton S.D.W.
(6) Mickley S.D.W. & Sewer |

Details of any part of the District requiring:-

- | | |
|--|---|
| (i) Sewers | Winksley, Grantley, Fountains,
Thornthwaite, Ramsgill. |
| (ii) Improvement of
defective sewers | Bridge Hewick |
| (iii) Sewage Disposal Works | as (iii) and (iv) above |
| (iv) Improvement or
extension of sewage
disposal works | as in para (iv) above |
| (v) Attention to storm
water overflows | None |

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION

No. of houses provided with water closets	2,710
- do - provided with waste water or trough closets	Nil
- do - provided with chemical closets ..	125
- do - provided with earth or pail closets	1,135
No. of earth closets, etc., converted to water closets	126
No. of houses served with earth closets, etc., due to lack of sewer or water facilities	1,385

The Council has adopted the payment of 50% or £20, whichever is the less, towards the cost of conversion.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL

All sewage disposal works situated within your area are serviced by direct labour by the Council. The labour gangs are mobile, each using a Ford Utility Vehicle for transport of men and materials.

When property is not served by the public sewers, septic tanks and cesspools are installed by the owners to a specification laid down by your Public Health Department, and as and when servicing of these private schemes become necessary, the Council's Cesspool Emptying Service is available. No charge is made for servicing domestic premises.

Regular inspections of all sewage disposal works are carried out and visits, together with the Rivers Board Inspector, serve to rectify any complaints as they are notified.

Construction of new sewers and sewage disposal works at Markington, Birstwith, Sharow and Copt Hewick have continued throughout the year and it is anticipated will be completed and fully operational in 1961.

New schemes to serve the villages of Studley Roger and Kirkby Malzeard are due for commencement in early 1961.

The following table shows the location of your sewage disposal works, both public and "on site", and the villages served by them.

Site	Type of Works	Villages or Properties Served	Remarks
1. Aldfield	Sedimentation and gravity filtration	Aldfield	Public
2. Bishop Monkton	Sedimentation and mechanical filtration	Bishop Monkton	Public
3. Wormald Green	Sedimentation and gravity filtration	Wormald Green	Public
4. Bishop Thornton	Sewer only	Bishop Thornton	Public
5. Clint	Sedimentation and gravity filtration	Collin Bank Estate only	New works under construction at year end
6. Clint	Sedimentation only	Broomfield Housing Estate only	As above
7. Clothierholme	Sewer only. Treated by Ripon Corporation	Clothierholme	Public
8. Dacre	Sedimentation and mechanical filtration	Low Laithes, Summerbridge, Dacre Banks	Public
9. Lofthouse	Sedimentation and mechanical filtration	Lofthouse	Public
10. Grewelthorpe (south)	Sedimentation and land filtration	Grewelthorpe (part)	Public
11. Grewelthorpe (north)	Sedimentation and land filtration	Grewelthorpe (part)	Public
12. Glasshouses	Sedimentation and mechanical filtration	Bewerley, Bridgehousegate, Pateley Bridge, Glasshouses	Constructed 1940. Public

Site	Type of Works	Villages or Properties served	Remarks
13. Wath	Sedimentation and land filtration	Wath	Public
14. Kirkby Malzeard	Sedimentation and land filtration	Kirkby Malzeard	Public
15. Littlethorpe	Sewer only. Treatment by Ripon Corporation	Parts of Littlethorpe	Public
16. Markington	Sedimentation and land filtration	Markington, Ingerthorpe	New works under construction at year end
17. Darley	Sedimentation and land filtration	The Green, Tranner Croft and part Darley	Public
18. North Stainley	Sedimentation and mechanical filtration	North Stainley	Public
19. Nunwick	Sedimentation and gravity filtration	Haldgarth	On Site
20. Skelton	Sedimentation and mechanical filtration	Skelton, Newby (part)	Public
21. Middlesmoor	Sedimentation and mechanical filtration	Middlesmoor	Public
22. Winksley	Sedimentation and gravity filtration	Pine Croft Estate	On Site

The following is a detailed report on the drainage and sewerage of the parishes in your area.

ALDFIELD A sewer runs through the village to a small sewage disposal works consisting of a sedimentation tank and filter which is adequate for the present number of houses. The effluent discharges into a small stream in Spa Gill Wood which eventually joins the River Skell.

AZERLEY The hamlet of Azerley comprises only the Chase and a few farms. There is a sewer in the village of Galphay but it is in bad condition and discharges into a stream, at the entrance of the village in Galphay Lane without treatment. A scheme prepared by the Engineers to the Council has been brought forward and approved and the acquisition of the site is being negotiated. There is no proper sewer in the village of Mickley. Most of the house drainage delivers into septic tanks and cesspools. At the west end of the village there is a drain serving various properties and discharging into the River Ure. As in the case of Galphay, a new scheme has been prepared by the Engineers and approved.

BEWERLEY The village is sewered and discharges into the main Pateley Bridge sewer. The sewage is carried and treated at Glasshouses sewage disposal works. The remainder of the parish is scattered and no public sewer is available. Treatment in this area is affected by septic tanks and cesspools.

BIRSTWITH There is no public sewer in the parish of Birstwith and the disposal of drainage is affected by means of septic tanks and cesspools. A scheme prepared by your Engineers has been in course of construction during the year.

BISHOP
MONKTON This village is sewered throughout and has a sprinkler system of disposal works with the effluent discharging to a stream which eventually joins the River Ure. There has been an increase in the volume of effluent in recent years and the works are now working in full capacity. Your Engineers are now preparing a scheme to deal with the increased effluent.

BISHOP
THORNTON

A new sewer has been laid throughout the populated area of the parish and discharges its effluent at the Shaw Mills works for treatment.

BRIDGE
HEWICK

This parish consists of a few farms and farm worker's cottages. Some of the properties join the Copt Hewick sewer. The new houses erected by the Council are provided with a septic tank and filter which gives adequate treatment. Your Engineers are now preparing a small sewage scheme to deal with the remainder of the parish.

CLINT

The drainage of the Burnt Yates portion of this parish is collected by a drain which discharges onto land on the slope towards Shaw Mills. A scheme is now in course of preparation by your Engineers for disposal at the new works at Shaw Mills. The new sewage scheme for Birstwith allows for the adjacent area of Clint in the region of the Station Hotel to be included for treatment. A scheme to sewer the remainder of the populated portion of this parish is under consideration by your Engineers.

CLOUTHER-
HOLME

The most populous portion of this parish is in the Lark Hill area near to the City of Ripon boundary. It is served by a very good sewer laid during the 1914-18 war and taken over from the War Department. This sewer now discharges into a new sewer laid by the Ripon Corporation.

COPT
HEWICK

The drainage of the major portion of the parish of Copt Hewick passes into an old sewer which appears to have been constructed for both land and house drainage and which passes through part of the parish of Bridge Hewick., discharging on the north east side of Bridge Hewick. A new sewer has been laid and the effluent will be pumped into the Ripon City sewer via the new sewer in Sharow.

DACRE

The village is sewered along with a portion of the parish of Hartwith to a sewage disposal works in Dacre. The works comprise sedimentation tanks and sprinklers. The size of the works is such that they are only just capable of dealing with the amount of sewage received, even when maintained at the greatest possible efficiency. The portion known as Dacre Village is not sewered. A scheme to incorporate Dacre and Darley and the provision of new disposal works has been prepared by the Council's Engineers.

EAVESTONE

This parish is composed mainly of agricultural holdings. It is very scattered and has no public sewer.

FOUNTAINS
EARTH

The village of Lofthouse is the most populous part of the parish. It is a compact village on the side and at the foot of a hill. It is sewered and has a small disposal works with a sprinkler filter which is just capable of dealing with the present drainage, and treatment has proved satisfactory.

GIVENDALE

This parish has no village and the farms have their own drainage system.

GRANTLEY

There is no public sewer in the village of Grantley. Sewage disposal is affected by means of septic tanks.

GREWELTHORPE

The village of Grewelthorpe is sewered throughout and has two disposal works, the larger being at the south end of the village. The works comprise sedimentation and land treatment and have been in operation for many years. Owing to the increasing volume of sewage, the land is becoming sick and the Engineers are preparing a scheme for pumping to the new works at Kirkby Malzeard.

HARTWITH-
CUM-
WINSLEY

The most populous parts of the parish are Low Laithe and Summerbridge. They are sewered and discharge at Dacre sewage disposal works.

HIGH & LOW
BISHOPSIDE

The town of Pateley Bridge is sewered and together with the sewage of Bewerley and Glasshouses, treatment is given at a new disposal works on the banks of the River Nidd below Glasshouses. The small village of Wath, above Pateley Bridge, is drained and sewered to a sewage disposal works constructed in 1936, with sprinkler filters.

KIRKBY MALZEARD

The village is sewered throughout and the sewage is treated by sedimentation and land filtration in a works about a mile from the village on land near Kex Beck. These have been in operation for many years, and, owing to the increased volume of sewage, the land is becoming sick and the Council's Engineers have prepared a scheme for conversion to mechanical filtration, which has been approved by the Minister.

LAVERTON

This village is badly drained. There is an old drain collecting a portion of the drainage of this village which eventually reaches the River Laver. There is no treatment. The village requires to be sewered, and the Engineers have prepared a scheme to lay a sewer and pump the sewage to the new works at Kirkby Malzeard.

LINDRICK-WITH-
STUDLEY ROYAL
& FOUNTAINS

There is no drained village in this parish. The drainage of Studley Royal is dealt with by septic tank treatment as is also the property in the area near and including Fountains Hall. The effluent is discharged in the River Skell.

LITTLETHORPE

Littlethorpe is a large scattered parish and is divided by the Harrogate-Ripon road. The village lies to the east of this road; to the west there are only farms. The "on site" scheme provided for the new Council houses at South View has been abandoned and a new sewer to join the Ripon City sewer has been laid.

MARKENFIELD HALL

This parish comprises the Hall and several agricultural cottages. It has its own private drainage system which is satisfactory.

MARKINGTON-WITH-
WALLERTHWAITE

A sewer runs through the village of Markington and terminates in a disposal works on the banks of the stream below Ingerthorpe. Disposal is by means of sedimentation and land filtration. The new sewer for Ingerthorpe and a new sewage disposal works is in course of construction. There is a sewer and a small disposal works which serves the houses on the south side of Dove Bank. The properties comprising the Rose & Crown Hotel, the Stationmaster's house, Railway Station and about another dozen buildings depend upon cesspools for disposal of their drainage. This is unsatisfactory and a scheme to pump the sewage from Wormald Green to the new works at Markington has been prepared.

<u>MENWITH-WITH-DARLEY</u>	This is a long straggling parish. The village has no public sewer. The provision of sewers and disposal works is necessary, and undoubtedly much of the drainage of the village finds its way into the stream of the River Nidd. A small "on site" scheme has been provided for the Council houses of Tranmer Croft and Low Green. Your Engineers have prepared a comprehensive scheme for this area.
<u>NEWBY-WITH-MULWITH</u>	This parish comprises Newby Hall and adjacent farms. It has its own sewage disposal system.
<u>NORTH STAINLEY-WITH-SLENINGFORD</u>	The scheme to provide a new sewage disposal works has been completed.
<u>NUNWICK-CUM-HOWGRAVE</u>	This is an agricultural parish with no village, and consists of only a few farms. It is not sewered. The new houses erected by the Council are provided with a septic tank and filter which give efficient treatment.
<u>SAWLEY</u>	There is no proper sewer in the village of Sawley. A system of very old drains running into tanks and thence to the stream comprises the drainage of the village. In some parts the drains open into ditches and run open through the fields back into the drains again. The village requires a sewer and sewage disposal works and a scheme which has been prepared by the Council's Engineers has been approved.
<u>SHAROW</u>	The scheme to discharge the sewage from this parish into the Ripon Corporation sewer is now completed.
<u>SKELDING</u>	This is an agricultural parish where each property deals with its own drainage.
<u>SKELTON</u>	The old sewer throughout the village of Skelton now discharges into a new disposal works consisting of a sedimentation tank and mechanical filtration. The effluent is discharged into a gutter which joins the River Ure. The new works have functioned most satisfactorily, and reports on the effluent from the samples taken by the Rivers Board have been excellent.

<u>STONLBECK DOWN</u>	The village of Ramsgill has no proper sewer or disposal works, drainage being treated by individual septic tanks before discharging into a stream which is a tributary of the River Nidd.
<u>STONEBECK UP</u>	The village of Middlesmoor is sewered to a disposal works consisting of sedimentation tanks and mechanical sprinkler filter. The works are situated below the village and are sufficient for the present population. It is not expected that there will be a large increase in the number of houses in the village.
<u>STUDLEY ROGER</u>	The drainage of the village is, at present, maintained by the Aldfield Estate Co. It is not a modern system and is discharged on the land between the village and the River Skell. It could, with great advantage, be properly sewered and disposal works provided. The Engineer to the Council has prepared a scheme to provide a new sewer and disposal works and work is due to commence in 1961.
<u>SUTTON GRANGE</u>	This is a small parish comprising a few farms and farm worker's cottages. The properties deal with their own drainage.
<u>THORNTHWAITE- WITH- PADSIDE</u>	This is a scattered agricultural parish. It is not sewered.
<u>THRUSCROSS</u>	This is a scattered parish. It is not sewered.
<u>WARSILL</u>	This is a scattered parish and it is not sewered.
<u>WINKSLEY</u>	The village of Winksley has no proper sewer. It's drainage goes eventually towards the River Laver. It is a small compact village and should be dealt with fairly easily. The new houses at Pine Croft are provided with a septic tank and filter which give efficient treatment.

RIVERS AND STREAMS

There has been little or no pollution of the rivers and streams in the area from any of the Council's sewage disposal works.

WATER SUPPLIES

On 1st April, 1959, the whole of the Council's Water Undertaking was handed over to the Claro Water Board, and your responsibilities for upkeep and maintenance of the several public supplies ceased.

Arrangements have been made with the Claro Water Board for supplies of water to be made available to the villages of Laverton and North Stainley. At Laverton water is derived from a privateley owned borehole and mains laid to supply the village. The existing borehole at North Stainley supplying the Shepherdies, has been utilised and now supplies the whole village.

No progress has been made with the Mickley Scheme and this village is still relying on the old supply.

During the year 4 samples of water were submitted for chemical analysis and 62 samples for bacteriological examination.

Number of inspections made in connection with water supplies in general	154
Number of samples taken for Chemical Analysis	4
Number satisfactory	4
Number of samples taken for Bacteriological examination	62
Number satisfactory	31
Number unsatisfactory	31

PUBLIC CLEANSING

GENERAL OUTLINE

The Council allow for the collection of pail closets on a weekly basis, free of charge, and cesspools and septic tanks receiving only domestic sewage within the district are also serviced free. All industrial, farm and dual purpose cesspools, tanks or septic tanks (i.e.) those receiving domestic and trade waste) are emptied on a re-chargeable basis. All tanks serviced outside the Area, at the request of a Local Authority or private individual, are also re-chargeable.

The total number of pail closets serviced weekly by these vehicles is 437, but with the progress made in the laying of water mains, sewers, and sewage disposal works, conversion of pails to the water carriage system is going forward at a more rapid pace, and it is the object of the Public Health Department to reduce the overall number to an absolute minimum, as early as possible.

Considerable progress has been made during the year on these conversions and the total reduction is now 106.

SEPTIC TANKS AND INDUSTRIAL CLEANSING SERVICE

These duties are carried out by Vehicle No. 2 on the three days of the week. Since the inception of the scheme in 1950, a complete register of all tanks making use of this scheme has been compiled. This is kept on a card index system and each card is self explanatory as to the location, type of tank, whether or not chargeable and the dates of service.

Except in the case of certain cesspools and a few unsatisfactory septic tanks, which are emptied on a regular rota basis, no septic or industrial tanks are emptied by the driver without written instruction from the Public Health Department.

All requests for the emptying of tanks are made direct to the Department. The records are checked and a written instruction of work required to be done is given to the driver.

The disposal of collected sewage has to be carefully watched during the year. The means for such disposal is as follows:-

- (a) Discharge to manholes on certain sewerage schemes.
- (b) to agricultural land.

All pail closet refuse is discharged to the Glasshouses sewage disposal works as the vehicle can work through a full day without completely filling the tank. This is the most effective method of dealing with this type of solid matter and Glasshouses works are large enough to treat it without being overloaded. Bishop Monkton and Dacre sewage works are also used on occasions, but not with regularity.

Many farms and landowners have allowed the Council to discharge the contents of septic tanks to their land. It has no doubt proved a valuable fertiliser for grassland from the farmer's point of view, and on our part it has saved long journeys with loaded vehicles. There is, however, a limited season for treating grassland in this way, and the summer months are generally avoided.

The following table shows the areas and number of properties served by the Pail Closet and Emptying Service.

Owing to re-organisation, the reduction of pail closets and strict control over indiscriminate demands to empty tanks unnecessarily, this vehicle is in part use only and the labour saved is utilised by the refuse collection vehicle.

(1) District	No. of Pails	(2) District	No. of Pails	(3) District	No. of Pails
Wath	1	Darley	25	Aldfield	12
Ransgill	0	Birstwith	12	Fountains	3
Bewerley	4	Clint	7	Bishop Monkton	0
Greenhow Hill	10	Scarah Bank	8	Littlethorpe	17
High Birstwith	10	Burnt Yates	20	Kirkby Road	0
Dacre	3			Sutton	4
Summerbridge	6			Kirkby Malzeard	0
Low Laithes	10			Sharow	1
Low Wath Road,					
Pateley Bridge	2				
Thornthwaite	1				
Sturps	1				
Braithwaite School	2				
TOTAL	50	TOTAL	72	TOTAL	37

(4) District	No. of Pails	(5) District	No. of Pails	(6) District	No. of Pails
Studley Roger	25	Pateley Bridge	1	Grantley	15
Skelton	1	North Stainley	6	Low Grantley	3
Kirby Hill	7	Mickley	15	Winksley	5
Bridge Hewick	2	Grewelthorpe	6	Galphay	19
Copt Hewick	8	Ringbeck	2	Wormald Green	12
		Laverton	12	Bishop Thornton	10
		Swetton	7	Shaw Mills	20
		Dallowgill	16		
TOTAL	43	TOTAL	65	TOTAL	84

(7)	No. of Pails
Blazefield	11
Wilsill	3
Snelthouses	1
Glasshouses	9
Sawley	20
Fellbeck	8
Risplith	4
TOTAL	56

Total number of Domestic Tanks on Register	508
" " " Farm Tanks on Register	248
" " " Business Tanks on Register	25
" " " Tanks out of Area on Register	<u>72</u>
TOTAL NO. OF TANKS	<u>853</u>

Total number of Domestic Tanks emptied	60
" " " Farm Tanks emptied	55
" " " Business emptied	7
" " " Tanks out of Area emptied	20
" " " Local Authority Tanks emptied	<u>1</u>
TOTAL TANKS EMPTIED	<u>143</u>

Amount received from TANK EMPTYING SERVICE

for the year is:- £203/12/0d.

Parish	Tanks	Parish	Tanks	Parish	Tanks
Stonebeck Up	3	Clint	45	Clotherholme	16
Stonebeck Down	44	Bishop Thornton	32	Sutton Grange	1
Fountains Earth	5	Warsill	3	North Stainley	21
Bewerley	24	Markington	33	Azerley	47
High & Low		Markenfield Hall	1	Kirby Malzeard	15
Bishopside	78	Bishop Monkton	10	Laverton	19
Hartwith	43	Littlethorpe	71	Grantley	13
Dacre	33	Givendale	4	Sawley	26
Darley	47	Skelton	10	Winkley	11
Thruscross	2	Sharow	11	Aldfield	3
Thornthwaite	3	Copt Hewick	8	Studley Roger	11
Birstwith	50	Nunwick	3	Grewelthorpe	7
Bridge Hewick	6	Newby-with-Mulwith	3	Lindrick-with-Studley	
				Royal & Fountains	19
TOTAL	338	TOTAL	234	TOTAL	209

Total No. of Domestic, Farm and Business Tanks .. 781
 " " " Out of Area Tanks .. 72
 TOTAL .. 853

SHOPS

Seventy-three premises in the area are registered under the Shops Act. These are made up of village stores and post offices in the more thinly populated portions of the area, with a more specialised type of shop in the town of Pateley Bridge.

Following the amendment to the Food and Drugs Acts affecting shops, food vans and premises where food is prepared, a schedule of the new conditions of cleanliness, provision of water supply and covering of uncooked foods, etc., was circulated to all persons concerned. There has been a considerable improvement in conditions generally and it is evident that the public and shop keepers are becoming more conscious of the production of clean and wholesome foodstuffs.

Personal contact with shop keepers has on the whole proved satisfactory and a large measure of co-operation has been achieved.

SMOKE ABATEMENT

There have been two cases of nuisance arising from smoke emission and warnings were issued to the persons concerned. Generally speaking, however, there is no cause for complaint from smoke emissions, as all factories, etc., are very conscious that inefficient stoking pollutes the atmosphere.

ERADICATION OF BED BUGS

There has been no case of infestation with bed bugs during this year.

REFUSE COLLECTION SERVICE

The collection of refuse from domestic premises in your area by direct labour, has now been in operation for nearly seven years and has given satisfactory service in this district.

During this period the collection has been gradually increased and except for a few very isolated properties away from the roads, the whole of your area now enjoys this service.

GENERAL OUTLINE

The collection is carried out by one Dennis Paxitt Compressor Vehicle with a driver/loader and three loaders, and one Dennis 10 cubic yard vehicle operated by a driver/loader and a loader. One further Dennis 10 cubic yard vehicle operated by a driver/loader and a loader collects refuse from the American Army Camp, Menwith Hill, Darley, daily under Contract. The vehicles operate in their own specific areas, details of which follow, ranging from as near as possible to the various tips which receive all collected refuse.

Premises are normally served once per fortnight, but in some of the more scattered parts, once monthly serves to collect refuse from premises where ashes are used for other purposes. The parish of Clothesholme benefits from a weekly collection.

In addition to the two large vehicles, we also utilise the Fordson 10 cwt. vehicle to maintain a regular fortnightly collection from the villages of Stean and High Shaw Mills. This is necessary because the large vehicles are not able, because of the roads and bridges, to get to the houses in these areas.

AREA COLLECTION

The following are the areas of collection and include the areas around the villages mentioned:-

<u>VEHICLE NO. 5</u>	<u>FIRST WEEK</u>
Monday	Pateley Bridge and Bewerley (part)
Tuesday	Castille Farm to Laverton (not Laverton village). Kirkby Malzeard, Grewelthorpe (Ilton Road once monthly).
Wednesday	Mickley, Sleningsford Hall, North Stainley, North Leys, Bishop's Palace, Nunwick, Sharow Lane, Sharow, Lister House, Berrygate Lane.
Thursday	Sycamore Farm, Kirby Hill, Skelton, Newby Hall, Givendale, Bridge Hewick, Copt Hewick, Littlethorpe and Potteries.
Friday	Winksley, Galphay, Clotherholme Road, Lark Hill, Lark Lane.

<u>VEHICLE NO. 5</u>	<u>SECOND WEEK</u>
Monday	Bishop Monkton, Markington.
Tuesday	Burnt Yates, Shaw Mills, Bishop Thornton Birstwith, Darley (part).
Wednesday	Darley, Dacre Top, Dacre, Summerbridge, New York, Low Laithe.
Thursday	Sawley, Sawley Hall, Fountains, Aldfield, Studley Roger, Clotherholme Road, Lark Hill, Lark Lane, Grantley Park, Risplith, Eavestone, Fellbeck.
Friday	No collection at present.

<u>VEHICLE NO. 6</u>	<u>FIRST WEEK</u>
Monday	Low Wath Road, Heathfield, Ramsgill, Bouthwaite, Lofthouse, Middlesmoor, Gouthwaite, Wath.
Tuesday	Top Wath Road, Kell House, Harefield Hall, Glasshouses (part), High and Low Fold, Castlestead, Bewerley Park Camp, Westcliffe, Bewerley (part).
Wednesday	High and Low Grantley, Kirkby Road, Laverton village, Azerley, Sutton, Breckamore, Kirkby Malzeard Tip. (Dallowgill area is collected monthly).
Thursday	Knott, Pinfold, Glasshouses (part), Blazefield, Old Church Lane, Street Lane, Greenhow, Padside, Heyshaw, West End.
Friday	American Camp, Darley; Naval Camp, Darley; High Birstwith area.

VEHICLE NO. 6

SECOND WEEK

Monday	Wilsill, Shelthouses, Knox Lane, Wysing, Fiddler's Green, High and Low Winsley, Hartwith, Dairy Lane, Folly Gill, Low Lane.
Tuesday	American Camp, Darley; Markington Road, Wormald Green, Ripon Road, Ingerthorpe.
Wednesday	High North, Warsill, Monkton Moor, Knaresborough Road, Studley Park, Lindrick.
Thursday	Darley, Birstwith, Clint, Scarah Banks, Shaw Mills, Pye Lane.
Friday	American Camp, Darley; Naval Camp, Darley.

REFUSE TIPS

The following refuse tips are in constant use:-

Middlesmoor
Queen's Quarry, Blazefield
Menwith, Darley
Birstwith
Ripley
Hutton Lane
Kirkby Malzeard

OPERATION OF SERVICE

The present vehicles have stood up to the work expected of them and provided the scheme with a fundamentally good service in their running performance. They have received regular maintenance by their drivers and only very minor repairs have been carried out to them during the year.

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 to 1959

Prescribed particulars on the administration of the Factories Act, 1957.

1. Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health
(including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors).

PREMISES	NO. ON REGISTER	INSPECTIONS	NO. OF WRITTEN NOTICES	OCCUPIERS PROSECUTED
(i) Factories in which Secs. 1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority	60	68	1	-
(ii) Factories not incl. in (i) in which Sec. 7 is enforced by Local Authority	-	-	-	-
(iii) Other premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by Local Authority (excl. out-workers premises).	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	60	68	1	-

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

	No. of cases in which defects were		No. of cases in which prosecutions were instituted
	Found	Referred To H.M. Inspector By H.M. Inspector	
Want of cleanliness	-	-	-
Overcrowding	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors	-	-	-
Sanitary conveniences	-	-	-
(a) insufficient	-	-	-
(b) unsuitable or defective	1	-	-
(c) not separate for sexes	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	-	-	-
TOTAL	1	1	-

SECTION D

HOUSING

During the year 1960, the redevelopment of the area on the South side of Pateley Bridge High Street was completed and seventeen families in slum clearance dwellings, mainly in Pateley Bridge, Bewerley and Bridgehousegate were rehoused in new bungalows.

Bungalow accommodation would appear to be the answer in relation to re-housing families out of poor standard dwellings, as it is quite often found that middle-aged and elderly people are residing in these low rented unfit dwellings.

The technical side of slum clearance has somewhat slowed down this year to enable the legal side to finally dispose of previously rented properties, but the village of Shaw Mills is now higher in priority for examination and will be dealt with during the coming year.

With new schemes of sewage disposal for many villages now coming to the fore and the possibility of Local Authority development, these villages will now be inspected for dwellings in the slum clearance category.

A further 9 properties have been approved with the aid of Housing Acts Improvement Grants and 27 properties under the House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959.

NUMBER OF DWELLINGHOUSES IN THE DISTRICT 3,974

Number of back to back houses included in above None

Number of single back houses included in above None

Number of houses included in Representations made during the year

(a) in Clearance Areas None
(b) individual unfit houses 1

A. HOUSES DEMOLISHED

	Houses Demolished	Displaced during year	
		Persons	Families
<u>In Clearance Areas</u>			
(1) Houses unfit for human habitation	-	-	-
(2) Houses included by reason of bad arrangement	-	-	-
(3) Houses on land acquired Sec. 43 (2) Housing Act, 1957	-	-	-
<u>not in Clearance Areas</u>			
(4) As a result of formal or informal procedure under Sec. 17 (1) Housing Act, 1957	6	1	1
(5) Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health	-	-	-
(6) Houses unfit for human habitation where action has been taken under local Acts	-	-	-
(7) Unfit houses included in Unfitness Orders	-	-	-

B. UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED

	<u>Number</u>	<u>Displaced during</u> <u>year</u>	
		<u>Persons</u>	<u>Families</u>
(8) Under Sections 16(4), 17(1) and 35(1), Housing Act, 1957	28	30	14
(9) Under Sections 17(3) and 26, Housing Act, 1957	-	-	-
(10) Parts of Buildings closed under Section 18, Housing Acts, 1957	-	-	-

C. UNFIT HOUSES MADE FIT AND HOUSES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE REMEDIED

	<u>By Owner</u>	<u>By Local Authority</u>
(11) After informal action by local authority	131	-
(12) After formal notice under		
(a) Public Health Acts	1	-
(b) Sections 9 and 16 Housing Act, 1957	2	-
(13) Under Section 24, Housing Act, 1957	-	-

D. UNFIT HOUSES IN TEMPORARY USE (Housing Act, 1957)

<u>Position at end of year</u>	<u>number</u> <u>of</u> <u>houses</u> <u>(1)</u>	<u>Number of separate</u> <u>dwellings contained</u> <u>in column (1)</u> <u>(2)</u>
(14) Retained for temporary accommodation		
(a) Under Section 48	-	-
(b) Under Section 17 (2)	-	-
(c) Under Section 46	-	-
(15) Licensed for temporary occupation under Sections 34 or 53	3	3

E. PURCHASE OF HOUSES BY AGREEMENT

	<u>No. of houses</u>	<u>Number of</u> <u>occupants of</u> <u>houses in</u> <u>Column (1)</u>
	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(2)</u>
(16) Houses in Clearance Areas other than those included in con- firmed Clearance Orders or Compulsory Purchase Orders pur- chased in the year	-	-

4. No. of families rehoused during (a) Clearance Areas, etc. 14
the year into Council Owned Dwellings (b) Overcrowding -

5. RENT ACT, 1957

- (a) No. of certificates of disrepair granted -
(b) No. of undertakings to execute repairs -
 given by owners to the local authority -
(c) No. of certificates of disrepair cancelled -

6. OVERCROWDING

Overcrowding presents very few problems within the Rural District.

7. NEW DWELLINGS

No. of new dwellings completed during the year:-

By Local Authority 17
By Private Enterprise 21

8. GRANTS FOR CONVERSION OR IMPROVEMENT OF HOUSING
ACCOMMODATION

	Formal applications received during the year	Applications approved during the year	Number of dwellings completed during year
	Number of dwellings	Number of dwellings	
(a) Conversions	1	1	1
(b) Improve- ments	12	13	18

	ACREAGE	NO. OF INHABITED ECUSES 31.12.60	NO. OF COUNCIL HOUSES 1919-59 1959-60	
ALDFIELD	1,272	24	-	-
AZERLEY	3,449	114	-	-
BEWERLEY	5,774	228	-	-
BIRSTWITH	1,802	12'9	20	-
BISHOP MONKTON	2,186	168	10	-
BISHOP THORNTON	3,136	129	14	-
BRIDGE HEWICK	911	21	8	-
CLINT	1,944	153	10	-
CLOTHERHOLME	644	88	-	-
COPT HEWICK	661	62	14	-
DACRE	5,385	151	-	-
EAVESTONE	1,144	8	-	-
FOUNTAINS EARTH	6,743	85	8	-
GIVENDALE	849	9	-	-
GRANTLEY	773	44	-	-
GREWELTHORPE	3,455	141	12	-
HARTWITH-CUM-WINSLEY	5,363	302	61	-
HIGH & LOW BISHOPSIDE	6,361	653	99	17
KIRKBY MALZEARD	3,483	192	25	-
LAVERTON	8,508	85	-	-
LINDRICK-WITH-STUDLEY ROYAL AND FOUNTAINS .	1,569	26	-	-
LITTLETHORPE	2,278	108	12	-
MARKENFIELD HALL	597	5	-	-
MARKINGTON-with- WALLERTHWAITE	3,565	159	42	-
MENUITH-WITH-DARLEY	2,861	200	28	-
NEWBY-WITH-MULWITH	796	17	-	-
NORTH STAINLEY-WITH- SLENINGFORD	4,245	118	36	-
NUNWICK-CUM-HOWGRAVE .	820	8	4	-
SAWLEY	2,934	76	-	-
SHARON	643	65	6	-
SKELDING	990	7	-	-
SKELTON	927	85	18	-
STONEBECK DOWN	12,508	69	-	-
STONEBECK UP	12,511	60	-	-
STUDLEY ROGER	988	45	-	-
SUTTON GRANGE	1,022	11	-	-
THORNTHWAITE-with- PADSIDE	3,475	48	-	-
THRUSCROSS	6,529	32	-	-
WARSILL	1,030	15	-	-
WINKSLEY	730	34	8	-
TOTAL	124,861	3,974	435	17

SECTION E

MILK SUPPLY

All dairies are regularly inspected and the standard of handling and supply of retail milk is satisfactory. Two wholesale dairies in the area are registered for the pasteurisation of milk and regular inspections are carried out at these premises. During the past year these dairies have again produced cheese and butter for local consumption.

Milk is also delivered to the area from premises registered with adjacent local authorities.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

There are eight butchers within the area slaughtering at four licenced slaughterhouses. These premises were brought up to date in 1954 and have continued to be kept in a satisfactory manner.

Regular inspections of all animals slaughtered have been carried out during the year and the quality of meat slaughtered for human consumption has been of a very high standard. The following table shows the number of animals slaughtered and inspected during the year.

Beasts	289
Sheep	520
Pigs	413
Calves	20

Regular inspections are made at the premises where food is sold or made up and the general standard of cleanliness is very good.

A quantity of tinned foods were condemned during the year as unfit for human consumption.

CARCASES AND OFFAL INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED IN WHOLE OR IN PART

	Cattle excluding cows	cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
No. killed	289	-	20	520	413	-
No. inspected ..	289	-	20	520	413	-
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis and Cysticerci</u> Whole carcasses con- demned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	4	-	-	-	2	-
Percentage of number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	1.02	-	-	-	0.205	-
<u>Tuberculosis only</u> Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	3	-	-	-	8	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	1.32	-	-	-	2.01	-
<u>Cysticercosis</u> Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generalised and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

SECTION F

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES
 Number of cases originally notified during year ended 31st Dec.,
 1960, and of final numbers after collection of diagnosis, etc.

	Scarlet Fever			Whooping Cough			Acute Poliomyelitis				Measles excl. Rubella		Diphtheria	
	F		M	F		M	Para-lytic		Non Para-lytic		M	F	M	F
	M	F		M	F		M	F	M	F				
Nos. originally notified:														
Total (all ages)	11	5	16	17			-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-
Final nos. after correction:														
Under 1 year	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
1-2 years	1	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
3-4 "	4	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5-9 "	5	3	12	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10-14 "	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15-24 "	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 and over	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Age unknown	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (all ages)	11	5	16	17			-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES - continued.

	Acute Pneumonia		Dysentery		Smallpox		Acute Encephalitis Infectious				Enteric or Typhoid Fever			
							Infectious		Post infectious					
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Nos. originally notified:														
Total (all ages)	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Final nos. after correction:														
Under 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5-14 "	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15-44 "	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
45-64 "	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 and over	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Age unknown	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (all ages)	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES - continued

	Para-typhoid Fever		Erysipelas		Meningococcal infection		Food Poisoning		Other notifiable diseases	Original Notification		Final Nos.	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		M	F	M	F
Nos. originally notified:													
Total (all ages)	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	Puerperal Pyrexia	-	-	-	-
Final nos. after correction:									Ophthalmia Neonatorum	-	-	-	-
Under 5 years	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Malaria (Contracted in England & Wales)	-	-	-	-
5-14 years ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
15-44 " ..	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-					
45-64 " ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
65 and over ..	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-					
Age unknown ..	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-					
TOTAL (all ages)	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-					

<u>SCARLET FEVER</u>	16 notifications were received during the year compared with 7 in the previous year. This gives a notification rate of 1.17 per 1,000 population.
<u>WHOOPIING COUGH</u>	33 cases were notified, or 2.42 per 1,000 population.
<u>POLIOMYELITIS</u>	No cases were notified.
<u>MEASLES</u>	In contrast to 1959, when 304 cases were notified there were only 3 in 1960.
<u>TUBERCULOSIS</u>	One pulmonary and one non-pulmonary cases were notified during 1960.

The following table gives details from the tuberculosis register:-

	MALES		FEMALES		TOTAL
	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary	
Number on Register 1st January, 1960	16	3	19	3	41
New notifications, 1960	-	1	1	-	2
Number restored to register having been removed in previous quarter	-	-	-	-	-
Cases brought to notice otherwise than by formal notification	-	-	-	-	-
Number removed from register, 1960	-	-	4	-	4
Number on Register, 31st Dec, 1960	16	4	16	3	39

AGE AND SEX OF NEW CASES AND DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS, 1960

	NEW CASES				CASES REMOVED FROM REGISTER DUE TO DEATH			
	MALES		FEMALES		MALES		FEMALES	
	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary	Pul-monary	Non Pul-monary
0- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-15	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
-25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-35	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
-45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
65 & over	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-

